

North Carolina

N.C. Birth Defects Monitoring Program (NCBDMP)

Purpose: Surveillance, Research

Partner: Local Health Departments, Hospitals, Environmental Agencies/Organizations, Advocacy Groups, Universities, Early Childhood Prevention Programs

Program status: Currently collecting data

Start year: 1987

Earliest year of available data: 1989

Organizational location: Department of Health (State Center for Health Statistics)

Population covered annually: 120,000

Statewide: Yes

Current legislation or rule: NCGS 130A-131.16

Legislation year enacted: 1995

Case Definition

Outcomes covered: Major birth defects

Pregnancy outcome: Livebirths (All gestational ages and birth weights), Fetal deaths - stillbirths, spontaneous abortions, etc. (20 weeks gestation and greater), Elective terminations (All gestational ages)

Age: 1 year

Residence: NC resident births, including out of state deliveries

Surveillance Methods

Case ascertainment: Active Case Finding

Vital records: Birth certificates, Death certificates, Matched birth/death file, Fetal birth certificate

Other state based registries: Newborn metabolic screening program

Delivery hospitals: Disease index or discharge index, Discharge summaries, Obstetrics logs (i.e., labor & delivery), ICU/NICU logs or charts, Postmortem/pathology logs, Surgery logs, Specialty outpatient clinics

Pediatric & tertiary care hospitals: Disease index or discharge index, Discharge summaries, ICU/NICU logs or charts, Pediatric logs, Postmortem/pathology logs, Surgery logs, Specialty outpatient clinics

Other specialty facilities: Prenatal diagnostic facilities (ultrasound, etc.), Genetic counseling/clinical genetic facilities

Other sources: Positive pulse oximetry screening database

Case Ascertainment

Conditions warranting chart review in newborn period: Any chart with an ICD-9-CM code 740-759/ICD-10-CM code Q00-Q99, Any chart with a selected list of ICD-9-CM codes outside 740-759/ICD-10-CM codes outside Q00-Q99, Any birth certificate with a birth defect box checked, All stillborn infants, All prenatally diagnosed or suspected cases, Failed newborn pulse oximetry screen

Conditions warranting chart review beyond the newborn period: Any infant with a codable defect

Coding: CDC coding system based on BPA

Data Collected

Infant/fetus: Identification information (name, address, date-of-birth, etc.), Demographic information (race/ethnicity, sex, etc.), Birth measurements (weight, gestation, Apgars, etc.), Tests and procedures, Infant complications, Birth defect diagnostic information

Mother: Identification information (name, address, date-of-birth, etc.), Demographic information (race/ethnicity, sex, etc.), Gravidity/parity, Illnesses/conditions, Prenatal care, Prenatal diagnostic information, Pregnancy/delivery complications, Family history

Father: Identification information (name, address, date-of-birth, etc.), Demographic information (race/ethnicity, sex, etc.)

Data Collection Methods and Storage

Data collection: Printed abstract/report submitted by other agencies (hospitals, etc.), Electronic file/report filled out by staff at facility (laptop, web-based, etc.), Electronic file/report submitted by other agencies (hospitals, etc.)

Database collection and storage: Access

Data Analysis

Data analysis software: SAS, Access

Quality assurance: Validity checks, Re-abstraction of cases, Double-checking of assigned codes, Clinical review, Timeliness

Data use and analysis: Routine statistical monitoring, Public health program evaluation, Baseline rates, Rates by demographic and other variables, Time trends, Epidemiological studies (using only program data), Identification of potential cases for other epidemiologic studies, Grant proposals, Education/public awareness, Prevention projects

System Integration

System links: Link to other state registries/databases, Link case finding data to final birth file, Link to environmental databases

Other

Web site: <https://schs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/units/bdmp/>

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DATA TABLES

North Carolina
Birth Defects Counts and Prevalence 2014 - 2018 (Prevalence per 10,000 Live Births)

Defect	Maternal Race/Ethnicity					Total*	Notes
	White, Non-Hispanic	Black, Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	American Alaska Native, Non-Hispanic		
Anencephalus	57 <i>1.7</i>	26 <i>1.8</i>	16 <i>1.8</i>	2 <i>0.8</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	119 <i>2.0</i>	
Anophthalmia/microphthalmia	45 <i>1.4</i>	15 <i>1.0</i>	19 <i>2.1</i>	3 <i>1.2</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	83 <i>1.4</i>	
Anotia/microtia	42 <i>1.3</i>	10 <i>0.7</i>	39 <i>4.3</i>	5 <i>1.9</i>	4 <i>5.0</i>	100 <i>1.7</i>	
Aortic valve stenosis	94 <i>2.8</i>	21 <i>1.5</i>	21 <i>2.3</i>	4 <i>1.5</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	146 <i>2.4</i>	
Atrial septal defect	1,569 <i>47.4</i>	774 <i>53.8</i>	438 <i>48.1</i>	101 <i>39.1</i>	58 <i>72.3</i>	2,945 <i>49.0</i>	
Atrioventricular septal defect (Endocardial cushion defect)	187 <i>5.6</i>	107 <i>7.4</i>	44 <i>4.8</i>	10 <i>3.9</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	356 <i>5.9</i>	
Biliary atresia	13 <i>0.4</i>	24 <i>1.7</i>	6 <i>0.7</i>	1 <i>0.4</i>	2 <i>2.5</i>	46 <i>0.8</i>	
Bladder exstrophy	7 <i>0.2</i>	4 <i>0.3</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	1 <i>0.4</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	13 <i>0.2</i>	
Choanal atresia	44 <i>1.3</i>	16 <i>1.1</i>	10 <i>1.1</i>	3 <i>1.2</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	74 <i>1.2</i>	
Cleft lip alone	125 <i>3.8</i>	46 <i>3.2</i>	26 <i>2.9</i>	6 <i>2.3</i>	3 <i>3.7</i>	211 <i>3.5</i>	
Cleft lip with cleft palate	171 <i>5.2</i>	32 <i>2.2</i>	66 <i>7.2</i>	14 <i>5.4</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	295 <i>4.9</i>	
Cleft palate alone	225 <i>6.8</i>	56 <i>3.9</i>	39 <i>4.3</i>	12 <i>4.6</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	338 <i>5.6</i>	
Cloacal exstrophy	6 <i>0.2</i>	3 <i>0.2</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	9 <i>0.1</i>	1
Clubfoot	671 <i>20.3</i>	266 <i>18.5</i>	152 <i>16.7</i>	32 <i>12.4</i>	17 <i>21.2</i>	1,150 <i>19.1</i>	
Coarctation of the aorta	181 <i>5.5</i>	64 <i>4.5</i>	39 <i>4.3</i>	6 <i>2.3</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	296 <i>4.9</i>	
Common truncus (truncus arteriosus)	21 <i>0.6</i>	10 <i>0.7</i>	10 <i>1.1</i>	2 <i>0.8</i>	2 <i>2.5</i>	45 <i>0.7</i>	
Congenital cataract	35 <i>1.1</i>	20 <i>1.4</i>	9 <i>1.0</i>	5 <i>1.9</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	70 <i>1.2</i>	
Congenital posterior urethral valves	58 <i>3.4</i>	31 <i>4.2</i>	11 <i>2.4</i>	3 <i>2.3</i>	1 <i>2.4</i>	108 <i>3.5</i>	2
Craniosynostosis	197 <i>5.9</i>	47 <i>3.3</i>	49 <i>5.4</i>	4 <i>1.5</i>	4 <i>5.0</i>	301 <i>5.0</i>	
Deletion 22q11.2	23 <i>0.7</i>	12 <i>0.8</i>	12 <i>1.3</i>	2 <i>0.8</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	50 <i>0.8</i>	
Diaphragmatic hernia	98 <i>3.0</i>	53 <i>3.7</i>	34 <i>3.7</i>	8 <i>3.1</i>	5 <i>6.2</i>	200 <i>3.3</i>	
Double outlet right ventricle	49 <i>1.5</i>	20 <i>1.4</i>	10 <i>1.1</i>	4 <i>1.5</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	83 <i>1.4</i>	
Ebstein anomaly	18 <i>0.5</i>	4 <i>0.3</i>	4 <i>0.4</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	3 <i>3.7</i>	29 <i>0.5</i>	
Encephalocele	20 <i>0.6</i>	17 <i>1.2</i>	4 <i>0.4</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	47 <i>0.8</i>	
Esophageal atresia/tracheoesophageal fistula	92 <i>2.8</i>	17 <i>1.2</i>	16 <i>1.8</i>	5 <i>1.9</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	131 <i>2.2</i>	
Gastroschisis	152 <i>4.6</i>	41 <i>2.9</i>	48 <i>5.3</i>	7 <i>2.7</i>	3 <i>3.7</i>	258 <i>4.3</i>	
Holoprosencephaly	30 <i>0.9</i>	22 <i>1.5</i>	17 <i>1.9</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	75 <i>1.2</i>	
Hypoplastic left heart syndrome	71 <i>2.1</i>	52 <i>3.6</i>	15 <i>1.6</i>	4 <i>1.5</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	144 <i>2.4</i>	
Hypospadias	1,291 <i>75.9</i>	446 <i>61.1</i>	126 <i>27.3</i>	57 <i>42.9</i>	37 <i>89.9</i>	1,957 <i>63.6</i>	2
Interrupted aortic arch	25 <i>0.8</i>	10 <i>0.7</i>	4 <i>0.4</i>	1 <i>0.4</i>	1 <i>1.2</i>	43 <i>0.7</i>	

North Carolina
Birth Defects Counts and Prevalence 2014 - 2018 (Prevalence per 10,000 Live Births)

Defect	Maternal Race/Ethnicity					Total*	Notes
	White, Non-Hispanic	Black, Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	American Indian or Alaska Native, Non-Hispanic		
Limb deficiencies (reduction defects)	129 3.9	66 4.6	41 4.5	5 1.9	5 6.2	249 4.1	
Omphalocele	88 2.7	45 3.1	15 1.6	2 0.8	2 2.5	165 2.7	
Pulmonary valve atresia and stenosis	327 9.9	161 11.2	77 8.5	16 6.2	11 13.7	592 9.8	
Pulmonary valve atresia	48 1.4	36 2.5	16 1.8	1 0.4	2 2.5	103 1.7	
Rectal and large intestinal atresia/stenosis	136 4.1	52 3.6	33 3.6	12 4.6	3 3.7	237 3.9	
Renal agenesis/hypoplasia	203 6.1	85 5.9	50 5.5	12 4.6	4 5.0	360 6.0	
Single ventricle	13 0.4	13 0.9	7 0.8	2 0.8	0 0.0	36 0.6	
Small intestinal atresia/stenosis	98 3.0	44 3.1	36 4.0	5 1.9	6 7.5	189 3.1	
Spina bifida without anencephalus	121 3.7	39 2.7	33 3.6	7 2.7	1 1.2	206 3.4	
Tetralogy of Fallot	156 4.7	92 6.4	37 4.1	11 4.3	3 3.7	302 5.0	
Total anomalous pulmonary venous connection	29 0.9	16 1.1	18 2.0	4 1.5	1 1.2	69 1.1	
Transposition of the great arteries (TGA)	118 3.6	41 2.9	20 2.2	3 1.2	1 1.2	186 3.1	
Dextro-transposition of great arteries (d-TGA)	106 3.2	36 2.5	15 1.6	3 1.2	1 1.2	164 2.7	
Tricuspid valve atresia and stenosis	78 2.4	36 2.5	22 2.4	4 1.5	3 3.7	144 2.4	
Tricuspid valve atresia	63 1.9	31 2.2	20 2.2	4 1.5	3 3.7	122 2.0	
Trisomy 13	23 0.7	27 1.9	18 2.0	2 0.8	1 1.2	80 1.3	
Trisomy 18	82 2.5	36 2.5	33 3.6	5 1.9	2 2.5	180 3.0	
Trisomy 21 (Down syndrome)	376 11.4	161 11.2	211 23.2	26 10.1	15 18.7	837 13.9	
Turner syndrome	44 2.7	11 1.6	7 1.6	1 0.8	2 5.1	80 2.7	3
Ventricular septal defect	1,670 50.4	671 46.7	562 61.7	113 43.7	43 53.6	3,072 51.1	
Total live births	331,167	143,783	91,038	25,854	8,018	601,595	4
Male live births	170,176	73,013	46,230	13,289	4,114	307,686	
Female live births	160,991	70,761	44,808	12,565	3,904	293,909	

North Carolina
Birth Defects Counts and Prevalence 2014 - 2018 (Prevalence per 10,000 Live Births)

Defect	Maternal Age (Years)		Total*	Notes
	Less than 35	35+		
Gastroschisis	250 <i>4.9</i>	8 <i>0.9</i>	258 <i>4.3</i>	
Trisomy 13	48 <i>0.9</i>	30 <i>3.3</i>	80 <i>1.3</i>	
Trisomy 18	95 <i>1.9</i>	81 <i>8.8</i>	180 <i>3.0</i>	
Trisomy 21 (Down syndrome)	380 <i>7.5</i>	449 <i>48.8</i>	837 <i>13.9</i>	
Total live births	509,601	91,981	601,595	4

Notes

1. Data for this condition include persistent cloaca.
2. Data for this condition include male and unknown gender cases only. Prevalence is calculated per 10,000 male live births.
3. Data for this condition include female and unknown gender cases only. Prevalence is calculated per 10,000 female live births.
4. Data for total live births include unknown gender.

General comments

- *Data for totals include unknown and/or other.
- Data for conditions exclude probable/possible cases.