

## What are Birth Defects?

Birth defects are abnormal conditions that happen before or at the time of birth.

Some are mild—like an extra finger or toe.

Some are very serious—like a heart defect. They can cause physical, mental, or medical problems. Some, like Down syndrome or sickle cell anemia, are caused by genetic factors. Others are caused by certain drugs, medicines, or chemicals. The causes of

most birth defects are still a mystery.

Researchers are working hard to learn the causes of birth defects so we can find ways to prevent them.

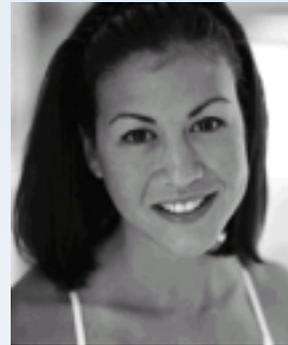


## How Serious are Birth Defects?

Birth defects are a serious problem. One in 33 babies is born with a birth defect. Many people believe that birth defects only happen to other people. Birth defects **can** and **do** happen in any family. About 120,000 babies born in the U.S. each year have birth defects.



Better health care for mothers with problems like diabetes or seizures can improve their chances of having healthy babies. Immunization prevents infections like German measles (rubella) that can harm unborn babies.



### Did You Know?

- Birth defects are the leading cause of death in children less than 1 year of age—causing one in every five deaths.
- 18 babies die each day in the U.S. as the result of a birth defect.
- Defects of the heart and limbs are the most common kinds of birth defects.
- Millions of dollars are spent every year for the care and treatment of children with birth defects.

## What is the Good News?

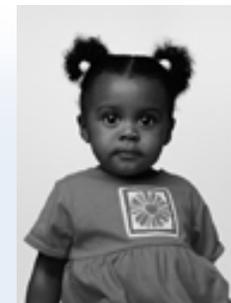
The *good news* is that new ways of preventing and treating birth defects are being found.

Genes that may cause birth defects are being found every day, providing hope for new treatments and cures. Genetic counseling can provide parents with information about their risks based on family history, age, ethnic or racial background, and other factors.

### Did You Know?

All women who could get pregnant should get 400 micrograms (sometimes written as 400 mcg or 0.4 mg) of folic acid every day to help prevent some types of serious birth defects. Folic acid is a B-vitamin that can reduce the risk of birth defects of the brain and spine.

Today, babies born with birth defects can live longer and healthier lives. Special care after birth and newborn screening tests can help some of these babies.



Many states keep track of how often and where birth defects happen. Your state may be able to tell you about birth defects and services that may help you or someone you know.

## What Steps Can Women Take for Healthier Babies?

Not all birth defects can be prevented. But a woman can increase her own chance of having a healthy baby. Many birth defects happen very early in pregnancy, sometimes before a woman even knows she is pregnant. Remember that about half of all pregnancies are unplanned. Therefore, **every** woman should:

- ❖ Take a multivitamin that has 400 mcg of folic acid in it every day.
- ❖ Have regular medical check-ups.
- ❖ Talk to her health care provider about any medical problems and medicine use (both over-the-counter and prescription). Ask about avoiding any substances at work or at home that might be harmful to a developing baby.
- ❖ Keep vaccinations (shots) up-to-date.
- ❖ Eat a healthy, balanced diet.
- ❖ Avoid eating raw or undercooked meat.
- ❖ Avoid alcohol, tobacco, and street drugs.

### While pregnant:

- ❖ Keep up these healthy habits.
- ❖ Get early prenatal care and go to every appointment.

## Want to Know More?

- Ask your health care provider or local health department how to plan for a healthy baby.
- Call the March of Dimes Resource Center at 1-888-663-4637 (toll-free), or visit: [www.modimes.org](http://www.modimes.org)
- Call the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) at 1-888-232-6789 (toll-free), e-mail [flo@cdc.gov](mailto:flo@cdc.gov), or visit: [www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/folicacid](http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/folicacid)
- Contact OTIS (Organization of Teratology Information Services) for questions regarding exposures during pregnancy at [www.otispregnancy.org](http://www.otispregnancy.org) or call toll-free 1-888-285-3410 for a referral to the nearest service.
- Call the Birth Defects Registry or Genetics Program at your state health department.



The National Birth Defects Prevention Network (NBDPN) is a national network of individuals working at local, state, and national levels in birth defects surveillance, research, and prevention.

[www.nbdpn.org/NBDPN](http://www.nbdpn.org/NBDPN)

## Important Information About...



# Preventing Birth Defects